

"The union of lakes-the union of lands-The union of States none can sever— the auton of hearts—the union of hands— And the flag of our Union forever."

Knoxville, Tenn., June 21, 1865.

Our Paper and Job Office.

We now have a number one Job Office, and v are prepared to execute good work upon short notice. Call and try us.

is to the size of the largest paper of the country, inreasing it two columns in width, and an equivalent. in length, without increasing the price. The arrangement will be completed as soon as we can get the necessary materials here from Cincinnati.

Important Notice.

We are authorized by Captain William R. Tracy, Commissary of General Gillem's Division, to state that he is paying all vouchers and memorandum receipts given by himself. Captain Tracy's headquarters are at Lenoir's Station, twenty-three miles west of Knoxville. Those having Captain Tracy's receipts and vouchers for beef and other supplies, will be paid promptly on calling on him at Lenoir's Station.

Judge Trigg's Court.

In the last issue of our paper, in which this onehorse concern was referred to, we stated that the practising in United States Courts was being discus- crument. ed, or was on trigt in the Court.

The oath prescribed in the act of Congress is in the words following :

"I do solemnly swear that I have never voluntarily borne arms against the United States since I have been a citizen thereof; that I have voluntarily given no aid, countenance, counsel, or encourage ment to persons engaged in armed hostility thereto that I have neither fought nor accepted, nor at-tempted to exercise the functions of any office whatever, under any authority or pretended authority in hostility to the United States; that I have not yielded a voluntary support to any pretended government, authority, power, or constitution within the United States, hostile or inimical thereto, and I further swear that, to the best of my knowledge and ability. I will support and defend the Constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion; Se belp use God.

The substance of this oath, required of lawyers practising in the Federal Courts, is, "that they have ernment. Judge Trigg decided that this law of the over st of the United States is unconstitutional, null and void, -1 ... Imitted those lawyers to pracand comfort to the rebellion, but were original secossionists and leaders of the rebellion in East Ten-

We have not space to publish, in full, the opinion of Judge Trigg. It would occupy about seven columns of our paper.

The concluding portion of the decision, or opinion, we give herewith in his own language;

Upon the whole, after no inconsiderable labor, and the most anxious inquiry, and for the reasons stated in the foregoing opinion, I have arrived at the con-clusion that the act of Congress, approved January 24, 1865, is repugnant to the Constitution of the United States, and is therefore not a valid law.

This decision of Trigg will not surprise the people of East Tennessee, or of any other section, who know the man, and we publish the result of his trial of the laws enacted by Congress simply because it is expected we will advise our renders of what is

A stranger who could have heard Trigg's furious he was "some pumpkins" on enforcing the acts of

In his charge against W. G. Brownlow, he declared that he was scorn to enforce the laws, and the jurors were sworn to enforce them. Therefore, it was the duty of the jurors to find an indictment against Brownlow for disregarding a law of Con-

The Judge can accumulate authorities "after no mounsiderable labor, and the most anxious inquiry, and towels, 2,000 sheets of paper, with envelopes, to establish the unconstitutionality of a law which not to count the combs, needles, skeins of thread, injuriously affects his rebel and copperhead admirers; one by which he hoped to break down or injure the editor of this paper, he regards as Artemus Ward would say, Con-ste-too-tin-al.

Much to the surprise and chagrin of the eminent exact), (1) he failed to bully the grand jury of his Court to find a bill against the editor of this paper.

Several days since the grand jury of the Federal Court was discharged, and the jurors departed for their respective homes without making the present- old Bay State as they ask, "Is not the war over." ment which Trigg's heart yearned for. The Court, But the reading department, it is hoped, may be at this writing, has not adjourned, but will do so in a few days, when, we suppose, the Judge will depart from Knoxville to relieve his rebel friends at Nushville or Memphis, and charge against loyal men and if he would depart to another world instead of Nashville or Memphis. Some men have nobly served their country by dying on the battle-field .-All mon like Trigg would serve their country by dving anywhere.

We don't know that he could fill any station there with credit to himself or profit to his employers, but we suppose he could on the hypothesis on which the fellow sold the "coon dog." He declared he "knew his dog to be a good open dog, and worth ten dollars, though he had never tried him in treeing coons." Said the man about to purchase, " If you have never tried him, how do you know him to be good for this purpose. "Well," said the dog man, ant recollections of Knoxville will ever dwell in his I have tried him for everything in the world but coon, and he has not been worth a damn for anything. I suppose, therefore, he is good for coons. Trigg has been tried for a great many things, and

if he has shown himself useful or profitable for good, we are not aware of it.

In East Tennessee, with all loyal men, he is played out." Like Cromwell, he might well repeat the soliloquy: "Farewell, a long farewell to all my greatness. As a Federal Judge he is a swindle and chest upon a loyal community.

A very intimate personal friend of Trigg's says the Judge was very much out of humor, and very do know that ninety-nine out of every one hun- ing a constitution and by-laws.

dred of the loyalists of East Tennossee are greatly disgusted with Trigg, and considers him a nulsance and chest upon an honest community. This friend further said the Judge dismissed the jurors without making to them a complimentary speech, eulogizing them on the faithful discharge of their duties, as has been his custom with other juries.

This is fortunate for the jurora-for they will loose nothing by Trigg's neglect in this instance in the good opinion of those whose respect is to be desired -we mean loyal men. The enmity of Trigg and those who endorse him is the most satisfactory and sufficient attestation of the character of a gentleman and loyalist, while their applause is an argument of suspicion.

Brig. Gen. Donaldson.

This gentleman is the Chief Quartermaster in the Department commanded by Maj. Gen. Thomas, with his headquarters at Nashville. We have had frequent occasions to call upon him, in his official capacity, and we are proud to say that East Tennessee has no better friend in the army. We have found him to be what the Chief Quartermaster of a great Department ought to be-a hard-working, competent, faithful, and gentlemanly officer. We confi-As to our paper, we have taken steps to enlarge (dently expect him to be brevetted Major General, to date from the battle of Nashville, in which he commanded a division of Quartermaster's men, who were organized and armed by himself. So highly did General Thomas think of this unique organization, that he assigned it, under General Donaldson, der Gen. Steadman, the one having as prominent a position as the other. Gen. Miller has been brevetted Major General, and so has Quartermaster Allen, of Louisville, and both deserved the promotion, for they have worked hard, and have been faithful throughout the war. But we claim all this for Gen. Donadldson, whose services have been as important as those of any man in the service. Look at him in the great Atlanta campaign! His services went far toward making that campaign a success, and in closing out the war. The President knows Gen. Donaldson well-he appreciates his valuable services-and will do him justice by giving him this merited promotion, and the more so, because such Test Onth" prescribed by Congress for Attorneys promotion adds no additional expense to the Gov-

Colonel John K. Miller.

This gentleman is now commanding a brigade of cavalry in the District of East Tennessee. We have received a communication advocating his claims to a seat in Congress from the first District. We would take pleasure in publishing the communication if it were not eight or ten pages long.

Without disparaging the claims of others, we itate not to say that Col. Miller would make an efficient and worthy member of Congress. Though not an orator or speaker, he is a man of sterling common sense and judgment-is industrious and prompt, and possessed of good habits.

A more thorough, radical, and consistent Union man cannot be found is the State.

If elected, we would bet our bottom dollar he would not betray his constituents and go over to the copperheads.

As the people of East Tennessee know, Colonel Miller has rendered splendid service in the war for not robustarily aided the late rebellion," or volunta- the suppression of treason and rebellion. He would site acknowledged the so-called Confederate gov- make an active, working, useful member of Con- North saw that their cherished hope that our armies

Senator Randolph.

This gentieman .-- remarked the District composed of the countles of Greene, Cocke, Sevier, Dicase. &c., in the late session of our State Legislature. He is now a candidate for Congress in the First District, where they are not likely to want for candidates. Without intending to meddle in that race. men of the North, "Do you take care of the tratwe take occasion to endorse Mr. Randolph's course, tors at home, and we will take care of the rebels in as a general thing, in the late Senate, and we should the field." They re-enlisted for another "three years be sorry to see his sent vacated in that body. He or during the war, and were hurried back to broasted the storm of conservatism, rebel sympathi- field and resumed their places in line almost before zers, copperheads, and intrigues, from first to last, it was known that they had been permitted a brief and stood like the rock of Gibralter for the Union, visit to the homes and families they had left three and for the rights and interests of loyal men. The years before. That was said to be "a grand pic-Senate was a loyal and noble body, and Randelph ture. Look at the "picture" now and say if you was as true and firm as any man there.

For the Knoxville Whig.

The Christian Commission.

As the war is practically over, it is to expected that the two Commissions which have been twin Angels of Mercy will cease their operations, or take and vehement charge to the Grand Jury to indict on some new form or kind of labor. The Sanitary the senior Editor of this paper, would have supposed is doing the latter, as your readers will see by their communication and purposes to enter upon the ben-Congress. Not so with those who know personally efficient work of gratuitously collecting the back pay the eminentiand illustrious patriot (t) who wears the of deceased soldiers, receiving pensions for the widow and orphan:

The Christian Commission is about to close its ofiles, not for want of work, though some kinds may be on the decrease, yet, dropping its Sanitary department, there would be enough to wisely employ twice or thrice its laborers.

In a single week, not long since, there has been issued to individuals 370 shirts, 200 handkerchiefs buttons, pencils, pens and holders, or to estimate the fruit Acc.

The office of the Commission is soon to be closed because delegates cease to come to the army, and patriot, whose every thought is as pure as an Angel's the laborers now at this post must return home.-Rev. T. Brigham, known to all as a faithful worker, being about to receive an honorable discharge from service, and his associate, being constrained to hear the oft repeated and earnest call of his parish in the kept up for the present

The Rev. J. T. Mason, of Jonesboro, has kindly consented, as a labor of love, in addition to his duties as Sanitary Agent, to take the oversight of this confiscation laws. The country would loose nothing department, and Chaplains are invited to call upon him for a supply for their regiments.

As no arrangements have yet been made for keeping open the library in which many of the soldiers have become deeply interested, it is requested that all the books be immediately returned.

The writer cannot forbear to add that he shall gratefully remember the pleasant association with friends in Knoxville, the respectful treatment and attention of soldiers, and the universal kindness and courtesy of their officers and other officials; and when constrained to leave this field of labor for his home amid the not less beautiful, but less fruitful hills of Berkshire, it will be with regret, and pleas-M. M. LONGLEY.

Agent U. S. C. C. KNOXVILLE, June 15, 1865.

please observe notice in this days issue. We ob- age, while we know that some of our families are in serve all those who have a little spare money now want or dependent upon the charity of this coldare subscribing to the 7 3-10 loan. This is the peo- calculating and speculating world, and of men who series is being issued at this Bank.

THE Young Men's Christian Association will meet taxes upon them.) and all the while the government much disgusted with the jury because they would in the chapel of the Pemale Institute, on Main, for which we have sacrificed so much, owes us eight not do as he ordered them. We don't know how street, Priday evening at 8 o'clock. A prompt and or ten months pay. Can we bear all this without the jury felt about their incorruptible Judge, but we full attendance is desired, for the purpose of adopt- murmuring. Is not this taxing even soldier's endurance too much. While we do not regret that we

For the Knozville Whie Letter from a Veteran.

Messrs. Editors: I am informed by those who are posted in such matters, that it is a peculiarity with mankind that the first thing we do upon making our advent into this world is to commence complaining We soon begin kicking and squealing, and continue it as we pass through life, and finally go out of the world kicking at what we cannot avoid. Well, I. suppose I am like "any other man," came into the world complaining, and shall no doubt complain at leaving it, (most likely at the manner of leaving: and I do feel just now that I, with thousands of others, "have just grounds and cause of complaint, others, "have just grounds and cause of complaint," enough. We but ask, most respectfully, that our and think that we are very badly treated in a matter of great, and to many of us, vital importance while we hardly dark speak of it without endangering our "life, liberty, and pursuits of happiness."

We belong to that class of unfortunates who, more than four years since, bade adieu to "wife, children and friends," homes, families, and all the dear associations connected therewith: sprung up and fell into line at the first blast of the war bugle, to defend our country and government, bequeathed to us by our sires whose hand planted and whose blood nourished the "tree of liberty," under the shadow of which we had lived so long in peace, and to punish the traitors who, with sacriligious hands, had dared attempt to pluck the stars from our "banner of beauty.

We did not wait to bunt for big bounty; we did not wait for conscription ; we did not sell ourselves a position in his order of battle. Gen. Miller, who to some weak-kneed, trembling craven, or to the is a good officer and a brave man, was equally un- highest bidder, as substitutes; we went as we thought men should go. We claim no credit for it, but we do nak justice. Our term of service was nearly expired. How we performed our duty let the historian of the first three years of the war tell. And just at the darkest hour of this fearfully long, dark and gloomy night of war, when the nations of the earth were looked on, holding their breath as it were, with the most intense interest, knowing that the next campaign was likely to determine the success or failure of our grand experiment of Republican government: while the best and wisest men of our land were almost afraid to speak above a whisper; with a volcano seething and bubbling, just ready to break forth in the Northern States and deluge that portion of our country with blood; when the poisonous breath of the copperheads could be felt, and their hiss be heard on every street corner in the city, and at every cross road and lane in the country. The most fearfully important and gloomy hour of our national existence was upon us. Our armies depleted by the ravages of war, would soon lose thousands of their oldest, hardiest men, who had braved the storm until their term of service had or would soon expire. Their places must be filled. Appeals were made. Large bounties were offered. Treason was rampant throughout the States where men must be obtained. The men shrank back. It was unpopular to speak of enlisting. Strong men gave way, and despair was fast gaining hold upon the people The cloud was dark and threatening, until a murmur was heard along the lines from Chesapeake Bay to the Balize, followed by a shout that caused a thrill of joy in every loyal breast in our land, and a quiver in the whole frame of the "Confederacy." The "Old Guard" was coming. The war-worn veterans of a hundred hard fought battle-fields were heard singing, "We are coming, Father Abraham." It was then that the rebellion and its abetters in the would be depleted by discharge; that the vacancies could not be filled; and that those who did volunteer would be inefficient in the coming campaign, which all saw was to be the death-struggle. They saw that the men they had hoped would be only too glad to retire, was only too ready to maint the

they had begun. The bronzed and hards veterans said to the good can, that we have no "just cause for complaint."-The war is ended. The work is done. We have performed our part of the contract. Yet we must tand by and see men mustered out of service (?) who staid at home comfortable and safe while the fury of battle was raging for nearly four years, and came out when the work was almost done, and reeived more money as bounty and pay as substitutes for one year EXLISTMENT, than we have received for more than four years' SERVICE. Most of those twelve months' men (many of whom were conscripted copperheads who could not get substitutes) were snugly quartered in barracks ready built for them at home, or at some convenient point along Railroad lines, guarding bridges or doing proyest duty, (as we used to say in Virginia, "playing house dog," living on plentiful rations, wearing paper collars, white gloves, patent-leather boots, going to balls, parties, &c., while the soldiers were glad to sleep under a bush when it rained or snowed, and to have an opportunity to wash their greesy shirts and hang them upon a bush and sit in the shade of them while they dried. Instead of white gloves, they were glad if their fingers escaped being frozen while standing picket and listening to the hum and tramp of the enemy. Instead of patent-leathers, they were proud if they could pick up by the way-side some half-worn shoes of the U. S. patern, to put on their bleeding feet, which had been bare for a week or more. Instead of plentiful rations and a darkie to street. ook them, they were content to est "half-rations of hard-tack and sow-belly" raw, as they marched dong through dust or rain. They, too, however, did have their "balls and parties," but they were minute balls and scouting or storming parties. Can it be expected that we have been so long from home that the prattling little ones which we left would not recognize us, and dur families appear almost like strangers, istill those dear ones wait and hope for our return, "but hope deferred maketh the heart dok;") that we who have endured all hardships and privations, braved all the dangers, and gazed on all the horrors of war, shall stand calmly by and see these men mustered out who enlisted but a few months since for "one year or during the war;" men who have never been on duty; never had their feet wet; never stood guard a single "tick;" never was cold or hungry; never loaded a musket; never saw a robel; and, I repeat, received more money for calleting than a veteran has received for FIFTY MONTHS SERVICE. These men are mustered out and said off, and allowed to return home to their families, which were left but a few months since in comfortable circumstances, (with the money for which they were bought,) while we are dependent upon the Christian Commission for a sheet of paper and envelope to write a letter to our friends, and must STOCKHOLDERS of the First National Bank will have it franked for want of money to pay the postple's loan, and the popular loan, and those who groan and complain at the "ruinous taxation" causwish to invest must call soon. The third and last ed by the war, which they, perhaps, assisted to make, but have never fought, (and out of which they have made fortunes and now complain to pay

have wasted so much of our life in so good a cause, and ask no favors for it, yet we claim that we have done enough to entitle us to some little consideration. We have fulfilled our contract-served during the war-which is now ended-and we ask to

discharged. Will you, friend Editor, publish our appeal?-Will the papers of our country republish it, (or rather speak for us. Talking or writing is not our forte. We are accustomed to other language and argument.) Will the influential statesmen of our country interest themselves in our behalf? We ask no honors. The proud consciousness of having done our duty, in the hour of our country's peril, is

Return of Gen. Tillson.

The War Department having declined to accept the resignation of Gen. David Tillson, he reports the last of this month to Gen. Thomas for duty. He is a true man, an able engineer, and a valuable officer to the Government. The loyal men of East Tennessee place a high estimate upon him, and would thank the General in Chief to place him among

BRIGADIER GENERAL JOHN H. JAMES. Quartermaster General of Tennessee, is now here, paying the Gillem veuchers. His office is in the building of the First National Bank, where General Carter had his office as Provost Marshal General.

The Exceptions to the Amnesty Proclamation.

The President's amnesty proclamation has set people to thinking over the exceptions to the grace

The New York World thinks that the number of those debarred from mercy for the present has been greatly exaggerated. Some authorities have set it as high as half the entire South. A calculation of the exceptions compels so much knowledge that we do not possess, says the World, that it must to a great extent, be problemetical. We have no com-plete lists of the rebel army, none of the civil enu-meration of its government. The greatest trouble will be to determine the status of wealth in the South, which a thousand circumstances effect, in or-der to get at the real number of those worth over

twenty thousand dollars.

There are altogether in the robel limits only about five millions of white people, as they have lost by war, emigration, &c., fully thirty per cent, of their population in 1860. The loss of property has been greater—at least forty per cent, in a great part of the South—and whereas in 1860 the actual value of all individual property, including slaves, was three billions of dollars, it is in 1865, including the slaves who are property no longer, and who were before rated at sixteen hundred millions of dollars, only

say one thousand millions.

There is really little left but the land, and this unfenced. The farming land and farming tools of the section were worth in 1860, \$100,000,000. Its live stock, which was rated at \$280,000,000, is no now worth \$20,000,000. The per capita wealth of people in Northern States is about \$500—one man in fifty being worth \$5,000 and one in two hundred, \$20,000. There were probably in 1860 a hundred and fifty thousand men in the rebellious States worth over \$20,000. The most of these being slaveholders devoted the bulk of their means to the common cause and have lost it. Those who kept Confederate money are destitute of all but land; those who kept stocks find them depreciated almost to worthlessness; a few took mortgages on real estate and hold them. It is improbable that there are at present in the South, or that part of it subjugated, eighty thousand men worth \$20,000. Of these we may set twe-thirds as advocates of the rebellion.

The whole South has turned out during but one million awe hundred thousand soldiers.— The mass of these have been at times withdrawn and again re-enlisted. There have been about six hundred brigadiers, major and licutenant generals. Of the total ranking as colonel, two hundred are dend or exiled.

The following table is believed to present a good

ostimate:	n good
Persons above the rank of colonel. Raiders from Canada. Privateermen. Privateermen to the colonel and worth work and the coloneer rebels and worth work and war for the coloneer coloneer the coloneer coloneer coloneer the coloneer colonee	3,500
Rebel naval officers Disloyal jurists Seceding congressmen	150 30 149
Old army officers. Persons who have maltreated our prisoners. Governors of rebel States. Northern men in rebel employ.	300 19
Soldiers in the rebel army from border States which have not seeded. In Northern prisons at the current time. Those who have taken the nume-ty oath before and	50,000 28,000

The total exceptions will come under two hundred thousand men, and may not reach a hundred and fifty thousand.

The devout adherents of the "C. S. A. have been anxiously inquiring for their President—since Jefferson's sun was eclipsed in the mysterious fold-of a petticoat. The New York Commercial throws some light upon the question, who is the rebel Pres-ident. It says that since the capture of Davis and ns, the Presidency of the Southern Confederacy devolves upon the Speaker of the robel House of Congress. Thomas S. Bocock, of Virginia, is the fortunate individual. He has not yet made his appearance to receive the oath of office, but is suped, in anticipation of the event of his ascension to be busily employed, in retirement, on his inaugural. Among the first documents submitted to his consideration will doubtless be certain official reports rom Generals Johnston, Lee and Taylor.

The first message of President Cocock will be cooked for by the trembling devotees of Dixie with as much anxiety as a new revolation was looked for by the disciples of Joe Smith. Let the world-have views on the exact worth of Confederate bonds and on the slavery question, which has the merit of being a novel subject.

ALL Italy seems to mourn sincerely for President Lincoln. The students of the University of Naples, four hundred in number, have prepared an address to the Government of the United States on the assassination of President Lincoln, and have taken it in procession to the American Consulate in the town. The municipality of the same city have changed the fame of the beautiful Tolede street to Lincoln

ANNOUNCEMENT. We are authorized and requested to announce D. F. HARRISON as a candidate for State Senator, to fill the acancy caused by the resignation of S. R. Rodges.

First National Bank of Knoxville. KNONVILLE, TENN., June 13, 186s. NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Bank held this day, a semi annual dividend of ten per centum in Greenbacks, and two per centum in Gold, was declared payable July 1st, 1865. W. B. PATTERSON, Cashier.

P. DICKINSON, President. AUCTION SALE.

THE remainder of our stock of goods will be sold at auction on next Saturday, June 21. A part of the auction room jest it:

Attorneys and Solicitors. KNONVILLE, TENNESSEE

BROWN & JENKINS.

WILL practice in the Federal and State Courts at Knox-wille, and in the State Courts in the counties of McMinn, Roane, Moorce, Blount, Sevier, Jefferson and Grainger, june21-6m*

GOODS AT WHOLESALE! TOWAN & DICKINSON HAVE RESUMED their sholesale business, and offer to the trade a large ad complete assortment of

Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, NOTION GOODS. Hats, Boots & Shoes, Hardware, Cutlery, Queensware, &c., &c.

J. W. WILSON & CO., No. 17 College Street, Nashville, Tenn.,

TIN and COPPER WARE, WROUGHT IRON COOKING STOVES.

COOKING AND HEATING STOVES House Furnishing Goods, Qual Oil Lumps and Coal Oil Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Wire & Tinners' Findings,

TIN ROOFING DONE IN BEST MANNER.

INFORMATION WANTED O' the whereabouts of Sophronia Smith, formerly Sophronia tion will be amply paid for by her devoted sister, Catharine Gilley Miller. Address FRANK M. MILAER,

Law Notice.

Till Law partnerships heretofore existing between Neison. A Netherland, and Neison, Logan A Legan, have been this day dissolved by mutual consent. The partners in each firm will continued to attend to the cases in which the respective firms have been employed. Hereafter, Nelson and Netherland will practice law as individuals, and not as partners, in all new cases in which they may severally be employed. Logan & Logan will continue to practice as partners.

THOS. A. R. NELSON, J. NETTIERLAND, SAM'L T. LOGAN, Hoxwille, Tenn. jetl-ikm Job. M. LOGAN.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Will, sell, at the court house door in Knoxville, on Saturday, the 29th day of July, 1865, all the right, title and demand that John E. Toole has in and to a certain tract of land in the 11th civil district of Knox county, adjoining the lands of B. M. Toole, Wm. Toole and others, containing 250 acres. Said property will be sold for cash in hand, to satisfy two judgments—one in favor of James Henry and one in favor of J. H. McConnell.

121-iw M. D. BEARDEN, Sheriff.

TRUSTEE'S SALE. TRUSTRES SALE.

D'y virtue of a deed of trust, executed by Daniei D. Foute, to me as trustee, on the 7th of May, 1859, to secure to Samuel Henry, Sr., a certain amount of money, expressed in said trust seed, I will sell, to the highest bidder, for cash in hand, at the Court House door in Maryvills, on Saturday, the 15th day of July next, two lots or parcels of land of said D. D. Foute, containing by estimation 320 acres, and some back land attached thereto, in Blount county, in Cade's Cove, in the 16th civil district, adjeining the lands of George Rowan, Henry Campbell, Josiah L. Reagan and others, where said Foute's family now lives. Such title as is in me vested by said deed of trust will be made to purchasers and no other.

jetl-3t. HUGH J. HENRY, Trustee.

MONEY LOST.

OST, ON SATURDAY, 17TH INSTANT by a widow lady living in Shieldstown, either on the road to or impact Knoaville, Fifty-one Dollars and Thirty-five or Porty cents.—Five dollars and over in gold and silver, the balance in greenbacks. The gold and silver was in a small leather purse, the greenbacks around it, and the whole rolled in a small piece of worsted cloth. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at this office.

je21-2t

STEAM MILLS FOR SALE. W E Wild. SELL, on reasonable terms, a steam Saw and Grist Mill, six miles north of Knexville, with 1b horse power engine, in good running order. For particulars apply to F. Aurin, on Market place, or C. Aurin, on Water street, Ruox-ville. F. AURIN & BROTHER.

NOTICE.

A i.i. persons indebted to the estate of the late Wm. Thompson, deceased, of Jefferson county, Tenn., are requested to come forward immediately and make settlement, or their claims will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection.—All persons having claims against said estate will present them to the undersigned for payment.

A. R. MEER,

Strawberry Plains, Tenn.—je2l-4t*

L. S. KEENER,

Adm'rs.

CIRCUIT COURT-SEVIERVILLE.

Timothy Chandler cs. John S. McNutt and others.

If appearing that John S. McNutt is a non-resident of the State of Tennessee, and that an attachment has been duly levied on his property: It is ordered that publication be made for four weeks in Browniew's Whig, notifying said defendant to appear before the circuit court at Sevisrville, on the 3d Monday of July, 1865, to make defense to this cause, otherwise judgment by default will be taken against him.

je21-4w pt6

CHANCERY COURT-KNOXVILLE. SALES.

SALES.

John T. McEteen vs. R. M. McPherson.

In accordance with a decree made in this cause at the April term, 1865, of said court, i will sell, at the court house door in Knoxville, on Friday, the 21st day of July next, a house and let or lots in Knoxville, owned by respondent, lying south of Hill street, and west of Poptar street, which divides it from Jas. H. Cowan's residence, and bounded west by the Rabun Gap R. R., on a credit of 12 months, with interest, without the equity of redemption, taking bond with approved security, and retaining a lien till paid.

4 W D. A. DEADERICK, C. & M.

J. M. Calloway vs. R. F. Reynolds. N accordance with a decree made in this cause at the April term, 1860, of said court, I will sell, at the court house door in Knoxville, on Friday July 21st, 1860, two Tracts of Land, the property of respondent, lying in Knox county, on Bawer Oreck and Copper Ridge, adjoining the lands of N. Nelson, E. K. Parker, William Tillery and others, on a credit of 6 and 19 months, without the right of redemption, taking bonds, bearing interest, with good security, for the purchase money, and retaining a lish till said. 4w D. A. DEADERICK, C. & M.

Thomas J. Porcell and others, os. William H. Succes. N conformity to a decree made in this case, by said Court at its April term, 1865, I will sell, Friday, July 21, 1865, a house and lot on the north side of Main street, Knoxville, east of the and lot on the north side of Main street, Knoaville, east of the Court House, adjoining J. H. Armstrong's store house on the west, and Wm. Pope's on the east. Also a small house on the west side of Gas street, occupied by George Smith as a jeweler's shop. Also 120 shares of stock in the Knoaville Gas Light Company, and said Sneed's interest in the pipes, fixtures and real estate of said company. Also a lot in East Knoaville, No.—, and a lot rear the depot, No.——. Note, at 12 months, with interest will be required, with good security, and a lier retained till the purchase money is paid. The squity of redemption is taken away.

D. A. DEADERICK, C. & M.

Thomas J. Powell and others vs. G. B. Lamar. No obsdience to a decree made by said court in this cause at its April term, 1866, I will sell, at the court house door in Knoxville, on Friday, the list day of July next, certain real estate belonging to said Lamar, tying near and north of Knoxville, that is, a tract of land of about 5' acres, except some 30 acres of it reserved from sale. Also about 1's acres adjoining the ingles and Kennedy lands. Also 7's lots in Sneed, King & Co's addition to Knoxville, near the Railroad depots. Time, 12' months, without the equity of redemption, taking bond bearing interest, and retaining a lien till the purchase money is paid. A payment sufficient to cover costs in the several causes will be required down. je21-4w D. A. DEADERICK, C. & M.

ATTACHMENT.

THOMAS I. DAVIS, hereby certify that an attachment, sued out by Samuel Botson against C. Y. Rice and Thomas Bunderson, of Claiborne county, rebels against the Government of the United States, and said attachment being levied on one tract of land adjoining the lands of Timothy Rorasks and others, and I wish publication to be made in Brownlow's Whigh for four successive weeks, commanding said defendants to come forward on the 17th day of July 1865, and answer said complaint. Jell-4w pth THOMAS L. DAVIS, J. P.

plaint. je21-4w pm.* THOMAS L. DAVIS, J. P.

A LSO, another attachment, levied on one tract of land of S.

A J. Barnard, adjoining the lands of George Shults and others, on the waters of Sycamore creek, in said county, and Samuel Dotson haying said out an attachment against said Barnard for two lundred and lifty dollars, and levied on the above tract of land, and desires publication be made for four successive weeks in Brownlow's Whig, commanding the defendant to come forward on the 17th day of July, and show cause why judgment should not be final in favor of said Dotson.

je21-4w pf6*

ATTACHMENT. William Ferguson vs. Josephus and Ben. 1s

THE PLAINTIFF, ON AFFIDAVIT. asys the defendants are indebted to him, and so abscond or conceal themsels that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon them, having obtained an original attachment against the estate of defendants, madereturnable before John J. Hudgebn, a Justice of the Peace for Blount co., and the same having been levied on their property: It is ordered by said Justice that the defendants appear before him at his office in Blount county on Friday, the 25th day of August, 1865, or it will be proceeded with ex parts. It is further ordered that this notice be published for jour weeks in Browniow's Whig.

JOHN J. HUDGEONS, J. P.

THE PLAINTIFF, ON AFFIDAVIT. THE PLAINTIFF, ON AFFIDAVIT, says the defendant is indebted to him and so absoonds that process cannot be served upon him, having obtained an original attachment against the defendant, made returnable before John J. Hudgeons, a Justice of the Peace for Blount co. and the same having been levied on his property: It is ordered by said Justice that the defendant appear before him at his office in Blount county, on the 26th day of August, 1865, or it will be proceeded with exparte. It is further ordered that this notice be published for four successive weeks in the Knoxville Whig. jezl-4w pt5.

DWELLING HOUSE WANTED. FOR SIX OR TWELVE MONTHS, near the Market House or in East Knoxville, of four or resonant tood care taken of the property, and rent paid mally. Apply at this office.

LAW CARD. THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFUL-

L. LY tenders his professional services to the citizens of freeze. Washington and Cocke counties, and trust that he may next their confidence and a liberal share of their patronage. Ber Office at Greeneville, Tennesses, juncti-tf. FELIX A. REEVE. To Traders, Mechanics and Professional Men.

Office Treasury Department, | Knoxyille, Tenn., June 12, 1865. issued at this office for the various branch of business carried on within the limits of this Agency, which extend from the Histogene river west, to Bristol, east of Knoxitie. Professional men. Traders and Mechanics must have temps to presente their various purcuits or they will be arrested in their business without delay.

JOHN B. BROWNLOW, juli-tr. Ass't Sp. Ag't Trees, Dep't, 1st Special Agency.

LANDS! LANDS! BOLTING CLOTHS,

Nos. 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10.

June 21-2m

LARD.

EXCELLENT FRESH LARD, in 50 to 60 pound kegs, for sale by JOHN JONES.

Inquire at the store of J. H. Shields & Co.

DOWN A DICKINSON.

OPPOSITE:

MEMPHS, IN ARKANSAS!!

SEVERAL VALUABLE TRACTS OF LAND fronting upon and near to the Memphis and Little Rock Railroad,—Road finished from Memphis to Madison on the St. Francis river. Also, several

TOWN LOTS.

In the beautiful town of Madison. Enquire at the Ococe Blanking House, where maps may be seen and full particulars had.

MEMPHS, IN ARKANSAS!!

SEVERAL VALUABLE TRACTS OF LAND fronting upon and near to the Memphis and Little Rock Railroad,—Road finished from Memphis to Madison on the St. Francis river. Also, several

TOWN LOTS.

In the beautiful town of Madison. Enquire at the Ococe Blanking House, where maps may be seen and full particulars had.

MEMPHS, IN ARKANSAS!!

the Property

REAL ESTATE AGENCY COLLECTION

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE OFFICE.

Niles & Co.,

Ococe Bank Building, Knowille, Tenn REAL ESTATE BOUGHT, SOLD AND A leased Hente, Notes and Accounts collected here or in the vicinity, and through reliable correspondents, at and near the following places: Nashville, Memphis and Chattanocers, Tenni: Natcher, Vicksburg, Jackson and Columbus, Mes. New Orleans, Inc.; Mobile, Montgomery and Hunteville, Ala.; Augusta, Atlanta, Macon and Savarnah, Inc.; Charleston and Columbia, S. C. Letters requiring intelligence promptly an exerced, (Openiage stamp is inclosed. Undoubted references in the principal cities in the United States.

TOWN LOT FOR LEASE. A VERY DESIRALE LOT ON CUMBERLAND street, to lease to a party who will build upon
or improve it.

SILES 2 CO.

No. 16. BRICK WANTED

WANTED TO CONTRACT FOR FIVE

WANTED TO CONTRACT FOR THE BUILDING OF A SMALL NILES & CO.

. No. 18.

OFFICE WANTED TWO ROOMS IN A CENETAL PO-SITION for a Dentist's office. Rooms upon first or second floor, if a good entrance can be had. A liberal rent will be paid for suitable apartments. je2t-tf NILES & CO.

A Building Situation Wanted. we miles from Knozville court house

A FARM WANTED OF 200 ACRES OF LAND-EITHER upon the East Tennessee and Virginia Railroad, or upo

House and Lot for Sale.

N KNOXVILLE-SITUATED ON THE North side of Main street. The lot has a front of about 150 feet by 106 feet in depth, perfectly dry and convenient to a good-spring. The house is a good frame building, containing a roome of about 15 feet aquare and a passage of eff. in width Porch in front—gallery back, full length of house. Kitchen attached, with servants room over it. Dry cellar 30 feet by 16 feet, store room, &c. This property will be sold at a bargain, and the payment made easy jetter. NILES & 60.

Wanted to Rent. SMALL DWELLING HOUSE, WITH ooms-furnished or unfurnished-furnished to a ten minutes walk of Post Office. Apply to NHES & OO

WANTED.

upon it in or near Knoxville. jegl-if NILES & Co. WANTED WELL FINISHED DWELLING

FOR RENT OR LEASE.

Blount and Monroe counties, Tenn., some of them having good river bottom land to work. Good buildings, and the best springs of water in the world. Apply to

FOR LEASE OR RENT. FARM CONTAINING 200 ACRES

WANTED, IN EXCHANGE FOR LAND. HOUSE AND LOT, IN OR NEAR

DWELLING HOUSE.

IN THE SUBURBS OF THE TOWN The flown the situation is one of the best in or around the town. The dwelling house contains six rooms and kitchen adjoining—a good snecke house, barn and stables,—beautiful grounds, anchoised with rock wall, all in full view of the Fronch Broad river. Very desirable for a merchant or professional gentleman. Payments easy.

[214-14] NILES & CO.

N THE BEAUTIFUL VALLEY OF New Market, one and a half miles west of the town of New Market, offerson county, Tenn., containing 300 acres of first quality of Tennessee farming land. There are about 150 acres in a high state of cultivation, with a fine mention of 20 acres. Improvements—a good dwelling house, smoke house, barn, stables and cribs. One of the best springs in East Tennessee, with a good rack spring house over it. The neighborhood is unexceptionable—commanding a view of the East Tennessee and Virginia Railroad for miles. Will be said very low for cash, or time given to suit the convenience of purchaser.

June 14-17

RAILROAD STOCK FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

FARM FOR SALE. CONTAINING 300 ACRES OF LAND

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!! DARTIES WHO MAY FEEL DISPOSED

Mills! Mills!! Mills!!!

FOR SALE.

A MERCHANT FLOUR, CORN AND SAW MILL
A—three runs of Burs—two for Wheat and one for Corn.
House and machinery of the best description, with from 500 to 700 acres of land, dwelling houses, &e., situated in Blount county. Half cash—balance on time if desired.
Enquire at Ococe Banking House.

VACANT LOT WITH A GOOD SPRING

WE HAVE FOR RENT OR LEASE

A. of first quality of valley land—50 acres now in clover,—situated on Mossy Crock, Jefferson county, Tenn., and near the Mossy Crock Depot, on the East Tennessee and Virginia Railroad. The fencing of this farm has been partially destroyed. Parties renting will be paid for rails, or an arrangement will be made for the use of the farm in the way of improvements. Jel4-tf Apply to NILES & CO.

A Snoxville. The house must be well situated and contain and of vign.

The house with necessary and buildings. Any one having such property and willing to exchange it upon fair terms for land in Bloufit county, Tenn., Arkansas or Texas, may make an equitable arrangement. Apply to NILES a CO.

FARM FOR SALE,

SHARES OF STOCK IN THE
Memphis and Little Rock Railroad—ALL PAID. The read
was in operation to the St. Francis river in 1892, and the
grading from the St. Francis river to Little Rock progressing.
Officed at low figures.

SMALL FARM IN NORTH CAROLINA ACRES OF LAND, ON BEAR CREEK, in Cherokee county, N. C.,—20 to 30 acres county of the control of the county of the

TEXAS LAND.

2640 ACRES OF LAND LYING UPon the waters of Onion Creek, which gows into
the Colorade river, in Hays county, Texas. This fand was
located by Bartlett Simus, the best judge of land in Texas, for
a member of Austin's Colony in 1834. It is about 17 miles
from Austin, the Capital of the State, and near the stage road
between the State Capital and San Autonie. It is in very respect desirable—will be sold low, and the terms of payment
made casy.

No. 40.

PLANTATION IN MISSISSIPPI

FOR BALE.

CONTAINING ABOUT 1,000 ACRES

CONTAINING ABOUT 1,000 ACRES

—about 500 acres in cultivation. The land is what is termed "Buckshot"—the very best known for the culture of cotton. It is situated four miles from the Miessissippi river, and twelve miles above the mouth of the Arkansas river—acknowledged the best cotton region in the United States. There is on the plantation a good dwelling house of six rooms, with fire place in such—good brick chimneys, eithern, kitchen, and the necessary out-buildings for a convenient family residence. The quarters for work hands are of the best description of frame buildings—double floors, galley to each house and brick chimneys, smoke house and store rooms, civierns, all meatly covered, and in addition a well of excellent water, with milk house attached. Potatoe house built in the best manner—large frame crite, shedded all round, stables in addition, with an abundance of room for storing hay and fielder for 30 head of horses or nucles. Blacksmith's and Carpentors' shop, with a quantity of tools, plows, scrapess, cultivators, &c., &c., enough to cultivate the place. A large stock of hogs and cattle—enficient to farmish the piace with bacon, beef, milk and butter. Apply to

NILES & CO.,
Occes Bank Building.

about 140 acres cleared, under good feuce, and in a high state of cultivation—40 acres in clover and 15 acres of Timothy meadow. Improvements—A good brick dwelling bouse, smoke house, barn, stables and crib. A never-fading well, and a bold spring of excellent water. Situated one mile from Mossy Creek Depot, on East Tennessee and Virginia Raifrood. Terms reasonable—either cash or on time, as may suit purchaser. Apply to

to take stock in a good steambeat, for the purpose of freighting and thereby invaring a supply of coal for winter's use, at a reasonable price, will please call at the office of SLES & CO., Occe Bank building.